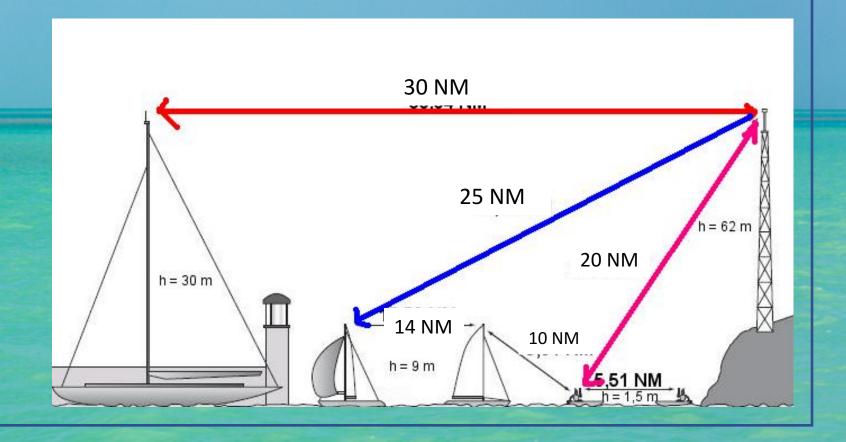


30th Annual Krogen Cruisers Chesapeake Rendezvous

- Out of site of land (1.17 x √ height of eye = distance to horizon in NM)
 1.17 x 3.6 = 4.2 NM
- Beyond the distance you can travel within a reasonable weather forecast
- Beyond the distance of towing services 50 nautical mile average

Beyond the range of VHF radio (25-30 NM for most trawlers)



Life raft manufacturers may use time to rescue as a criteria, if rescue
could take more than 24 hours once an EPIRB is activated, than an
offshore raft is recommended. Another qualifying factor would be

water temperature.



- Beyond the distance of towing services 50 nautical mile average
- Many long distance cruisers define true blue water cruising as being beyond the distance of a Coast Guard rescue helicopter —

approximately 300 NM



- Vessel capabilities
- Maintenance
 - Develop and rely on systems and procedures
 - Maintenance task list and schedule
 - Maintaining good records, encourages better maintenance
 - Develop the proper state of mind; a commitment and discipline to following procedures
 - Sweat the small stuff if small items are allowed to go unrepaired, eventually this becomes the theme for the whole boat.
 - Contrary to belief, this does not cost more

- Communications
 - VHF
 - SSB
 - Satellite inReach, SPOT, Iridium, GlobalStar
 - Register for GEOS Travel Services
 - EPIRB's & PLB's
- Fuel Management
 - Quantity
 - Quality
 - Transfer

- Route planning
 - Take the trip twice
 - Use local knowledge tow companies and charter captains
 - Be in the right place at the right time
 - Tides versus currents at points of departure and arrival
 - Plan with conservative average speed
 - Allow for currents along the route
- Weather
 - Compare forecasts, NOAA, Buoy Weather, WindFinder, Windy or Specialized marine weather router
 - Learn your boat, along with yours and your crew's tolerances
 - The most dangerous thing on a cruising boat is a schedule

- Traveling in the company of friends
 - The myths of buddy boating
 - Sharing information
 - Comfort in company
 - Physical support or assistance
- Review route and plan with shipmates
- Float plan & Dedicated Person Ashore (DPA)
 - Coast Guard APP email to DPA
 - Notes in EPIRB registration

- Notes in EPIRB registration
 - www.beaconregistration.noaa.gov

4:56 PM Thu Sep 19 Safari - Sep 19, 2019 at 4:49 PM.pdf Done **EPIRB Information** Deployment Type: Category II (Manual Deployment) Vessel Usage: Non-Commercial Number of Masts: Power Type: Pleasure Craft, Trawler Non power Type: Vessel Name: Liberdade Vessel Color: White Federal State Registration Number: 1234573 Vessel Length (ft): 54 Vessel Capacity (Crew and Passengers): 4 Number of Life Boats: 0 Number of Life Rafts: 1 Equipped with a SVDR?: N Radio Equipment: VHF Radio Call Sign: WDJ3481 Cellular: 4105988568 MMSI Number: 367768360 **INMARSAT:** Homeport Marina/Dock Name: River Dunes Marina Homeport City: Oriental Homeport State: NC Additional Data: Transiting U.S. Eastern Seaboard southbound from the

Emergency Contact Information

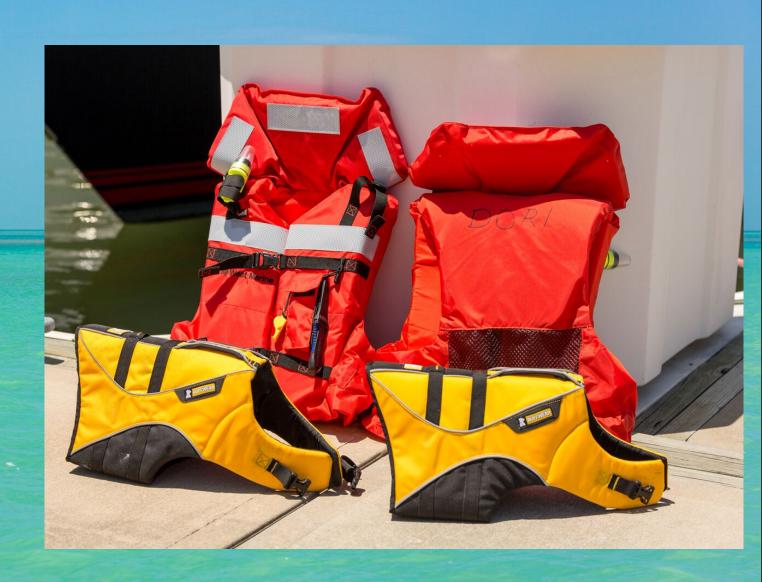
Chesapeake Bay to Fort Pierce, Florida between 1 November

and 15 December 2019

Pre-departure checklists

- 1. Engine room check
- 2. Secure toolbox
- 3. Turn on electronics
- 4. Stow all upper deck exterior furniture
- 5. Collect mats and hoses from the pier
- 6. Remove E.R. vent covers
- 7. Put on necessary exterior cushion covers
- 8. Uncover life raft for open water passages
- 9. Close & secure gates and lifelines
- 10.Close all port holes
- 11. Close sea plates for open water passages
- 12. Close cabinets & push buttons
- 13.Turn on Inverter
- 14. Configure breakers and start generator
- 15. Turn on ER fans
- **16.Turn on VHF radios**
- 17. Discuss departure plan
- 18.Connect headsets
- 19. Disconnect power cord
- **20.Start engines**
- **21.**Test engine controls
- 22.Test thrusters
- 23.Release lines
- 24.Depart slowly

- Safety Equipment
 - Life jackets
 - Accessorize
 - Strobe lights
 - Whistles
 - Safety knife
 - AIS Transponder
 - PLB
 - Sized w/name
 - Don't forget your four legged companions!

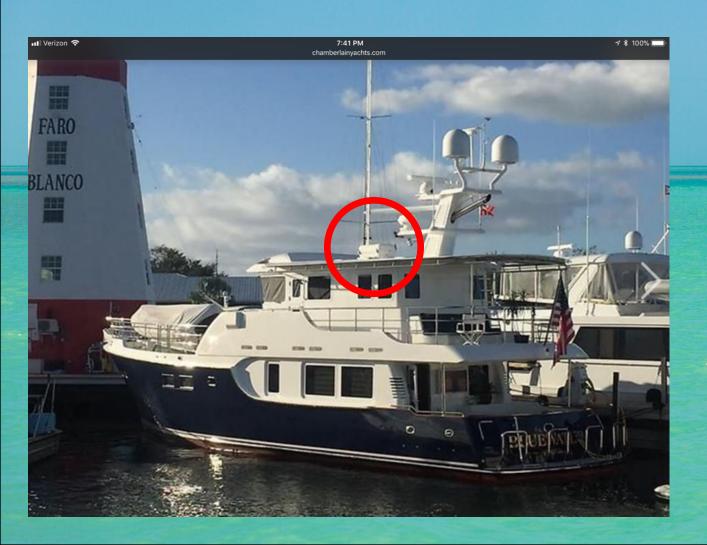


- Life Rafts Service:
 - Re-certification 3-5 years
 Visit recertification process
 - Hydrostatic release 2 years user serviced





Life Rafts – location:





Life Rafts — location:



Life Rafts — location:







&

Bad planning usually ends badly

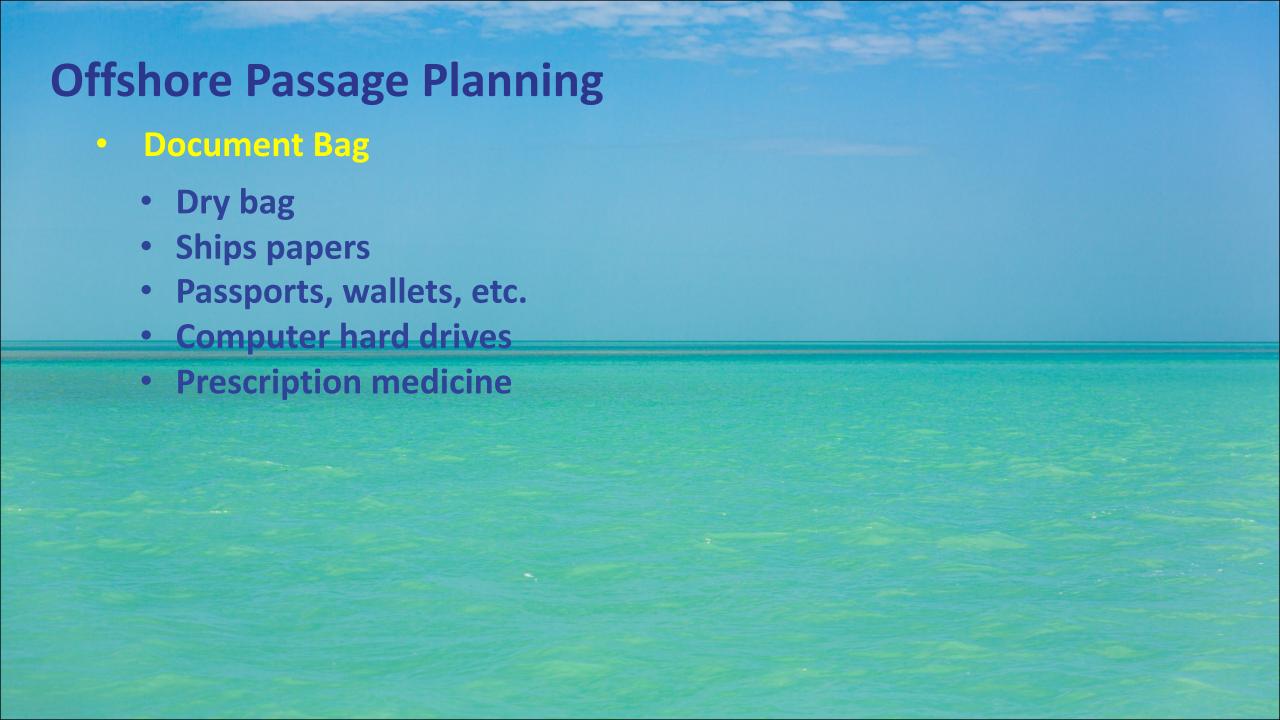
Let's eat lunch!



- Emergency drills
 - What do kindergarten teachers and flight attendants have in common?
 - Make it mindless
 - Get over the embarrassment
 - Safety on board the boat is more than having the latest safety equipment, it is a state of mind, a willingness to say "what if", and an unwillingness to become a statistic

- Safety Equipment
 - Ditch Bags
 - VHF with conventional battery capability
 - EPIRB or PLB
 - Solar charger
 - Inspect batteries regularly
 - Keep past set of expired pyrotechnic signal devices
 - Use SOLAS grade signal devices
 - Lanyards





- Monitoring vessel status underway
 - There is a point in the life of every problem, when it is big enough to see, but still small enough to do something about.
- Most problems are the end result of a sequence of events
- Engine room checklists
- Bringing engine room information up the the helm

Monitoring vessel status underway









 Besides monitoring vessel data, there is also the issue of identifying alarms

Engine over heating

Battery temperature

High water in bilge

Engine coolant flow

Navigation Alarms

Engine oil pressure

Battery voltage

Hydraulic pressure

Hydraulic temperature

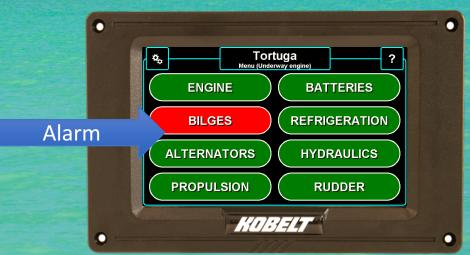
Autopilot off-course

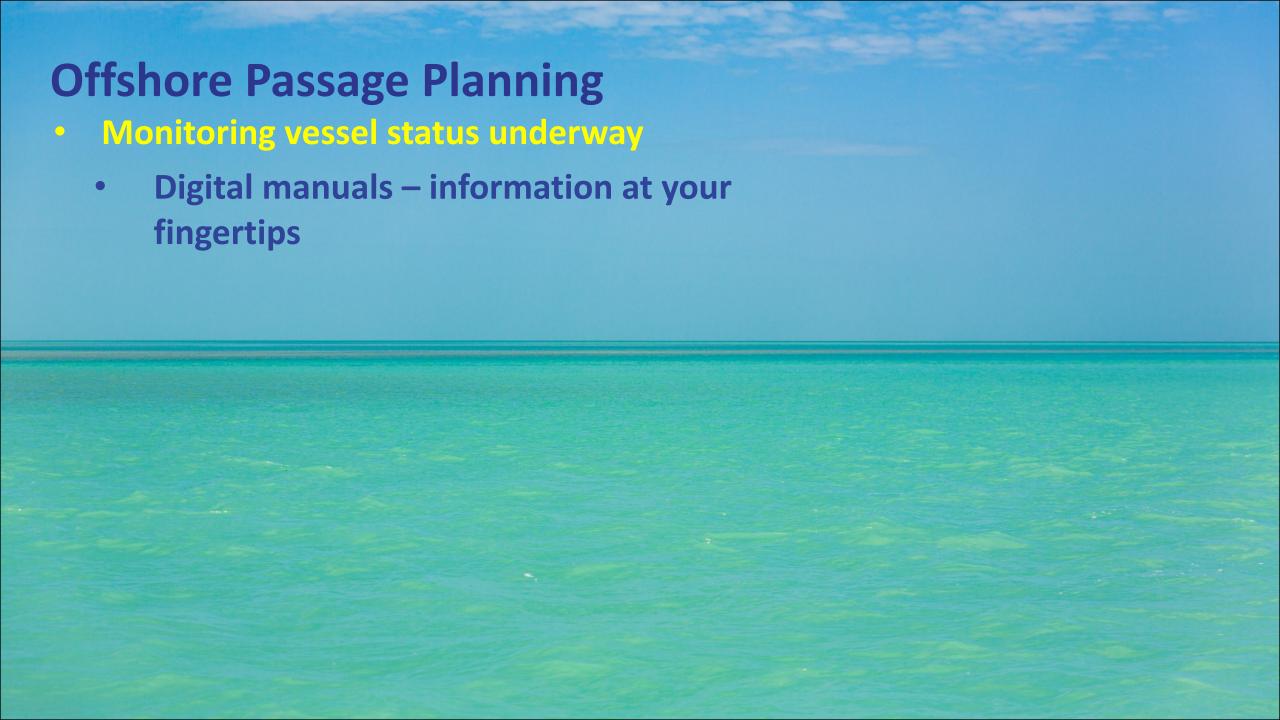
Generator alarms

Monitoring vessel status underway

 Ability to customize with warnings and alarms







- Communication at the helm
 - My wife and I always have permission to say, honey do you see...
 - Sharing detailed and specific information at helm change
 - Sharing routes on smart devices
 - On overnight passages strict requirement to wake up in a good mood
 - Logging positions, redundant communications & navigation

- Plan B
 - Continuing in the face of deteriorating conditions has been the ruin of more than one sea voyage
 - Know your bailout points, be willing to call for assistance
 - Get over the embarrassment of changing plans
 - Be willing to wait
 - Close the trip

